

# CPIS - Quick reference guide for using CPIS on iPads

#### What is CPIS?

**Child Protection –Information Sharing (CP-IS)** enables a limited amount of essential information to be shared between organisations for: -

- 1. Children who are subject to a Child Protection Plan
- 2. Children and Young People who are Looked After Children (LAC)
- 3. Women who are pregnant and their unborn child is subject to a Child Protection Plan.

The information which is shared between organisations includes:

- 1. NHS Number.
- 2. If the child is subject to a plan, it will provided the start and next review date of the plan.
- 3. If the child is a Looked After Child, it will provide the start date the child became looked after.
- 4. Name of local authority responsible for the child, Contact details for that local authority, and the allocated social worker?
- 5. An access history, showing the previous 25 visits to unscheduled care settings (including date/time, who accessed the record, their role, and their organisation name)

## The following information is **NOT SHARED**:

- 1. The child's full social care file
- 2. The reason the child has a Child Protection Plan,
- 3. The reason the child is Looked After
- 4. Details of the child's parents or carers
- 5. Medical information





## How does it help EEAST?

- Early intervention taking action to prevent or reduce future harm happening to children CPIS supports our decision making.
- Improved safety and care doing the best when children need help CPIS is a national system with immediate sharing of information between health and social care, including agency contact details.
- Increased effectiveness doing the most for children with the resources we have Allowing services to focus on vulnerable children and reduces the time taken to access information.

Where a CPIS flag is found via a 999 call a marker will be shown on the MDT.

Where no marker is displayed on route to job and you are discharging a child under the age of 18 of female under the age of 60 years, you must check if a CPIS marker is present in one of the following ways: -

- Staff signed up for SCR access complete the CPIS check themselves.
  - Step 1 Launch Summary Care Record app on your iPad
  - Step 2 Perform patient search.
  - **Step 3** When the patient has been found check for an amber banner "Child Care Alert" on the landing page.
  - **Step 4** Click onto amber banner "Child Care Alert" to see CP-IS and follow the operational flow guidance as per the diagram overleaf.

#### 2. Those without SCR access

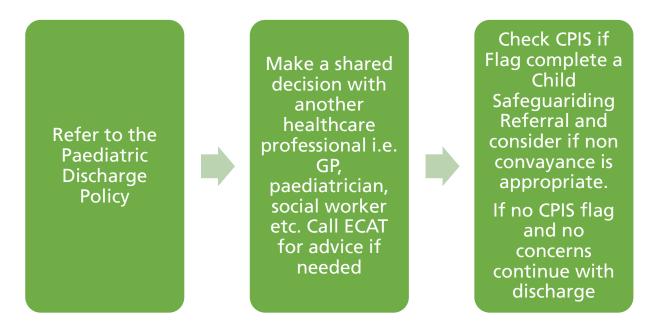
Confirm via dispatch if a CPIS check was completed during the 999 call. If no CPIS check was completed during the 999 call, contact ECAT to complete the check.





### **FAQ**

1. Child not conveyed.



2. Child conveyed.



3. Safeguarding concerns but no CPIS flag is present on SCR

Consider social care (if consent) or safeguarding referral (if significant risk of harm)





4. Woman up to the age of 60 who display the CPIS flag

Complete child (Unborn) safeguarding referral through SPOC

5. You have been out to see an adult patient but there are concerns about the children within the home.

Check CPIS either via SCR or ECAT

(CPIS Markers will be on individual childrens records, not parents record)

If there is a CPIS flag complete a child Safeguarding referral

If no CPIS flag, consider Social Care (if consent) or Safeguarding referral (if significant risk of harm)

6. The SCR is showing a FGM marker

Complete a safeguarding referral through SPOC





## 7. Attending a transgender patient

If gender at If there is a CPIS birth is female flag complete safeguarding check SCR for **CPIS** flag referral Check birth gender with patient to confirm If gender at whether birth is not possible female no CPIS pregnancy flag check needs to be required unless explored. the patient is under 18 and birth gender is Male.

